

Time: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: Write the answers for Questions from 1 to 35 in the MCQ answer sheet

Part I Choose the most appropriate answer (15 x 1 Mark = 15 Marks)

- 1) Wrapping up of data and functions into a single unit is called
a) Inheritance b) Function c) Encapsulation d) Polymorphism
- 2) Iteration structure is also called.....
a) Jumping statement b) Decision statement c) Function statement d) Looping statement
- 3) The statement `i++` is equivalent to.....
a) `i=i+2` b) `i=i+1` c) `i= i+i` d) `i=i+(i+1)`
- 4) What would be the value of `x` after execution of the following lines?

```
a=2;  
b=7;  
x = (a>b) ? a : b;
```


a) 2 b) 0 c) 7 d) Error
- 5) A function can return a maximum of values.
a) 1 b) 2 c) 256 d) any number
- 6) Which of the following control expressions are valid for an **if** statement?
a) An integer statement b) A Boolean expression c) Either a or b d) Neither a nor b
- 7) The expression `21 % 8` evaluates to
a) 1 b) 0 c) 5 d) 2
- 8) Function name always ends with
a) Semicolon b) Pair of braces c) Colon d) Parenthesis
- 9) Which of the following statement is correct?
a) Integer `a,b;` b) `int a,b` c) `float e,f = 3.0;` d) `float e=2.17, f=3.0`
- 10) Class is data type.
a) User defined b) Derived c) Basic d) Predefined
- 11) The dynamic allocation of a variable is done at
a) Compile time b) Run time c) Both a & b d) All of these
- 12) A method that calls itself is said to be
a) Inline function b) friend function c) Recursion d) Overloaded function
- 13) The loop has built in features to include an initialization statement and an increment statement.
a) for b) `do....while` c) while d) All of these
- 14) Which of the following is not a correct variable type?
a) float b) real c) int d) double
- 15) What will be the value of '`b`' after execution of the following lines?

```
a=10;  
b=a++;
```


a) 11 b) 10 c) 12 d) None of these

Part II State whether true or false**(10 x 1 Mark = 10 Marks)**

- 16) The modulus operator (%) can be used only with integer operands.
- 17) Declarations can appear anywhere in the body of C++ and Java methods.
- 18) A constructor must always invoke its super class constructor in its first statement.
- 19) Any method in super class can be overridden in its subclass.
- 20) Inheritance provides reusability of code.
- 21) Building functions and data together is known as data hiding.
- 22) Object of the string class can be copied with the assignment operator.
- 23) A static function can be invoked using its class name and function name.
- 24) Two functions cannot have the same name.
- 25) Relational operators have a higher precedence than arithmetic operators.

Part III Fill in the blanks**(10 x 1 Mark = 10 Marks)**

- 26) JDBC stands for.....
- 27) A derived class with only one base class is called inheritance.
- 28) The statement is used to exit from a loop.
- 29) The loop executes atleast one time.
- 30) Exception handling is used to handle error.
- 31) A is a variable that holds memory address.
- 32) function is used to access the private member of a class by the non member function.
- 33) The smallest unit of a program is called.....
- 34) sign is used for the inline comment.
- 35) variable is visible at any point of the code inside and outside of all functions.

Part - IV Answer the following (Any Seven)**(7 x 5 Marks = 35 Marks)**

- 36) Write a program to calculate the volume of a sphere given its radius using function.(volume of a sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$; r is the radius; $\pi=3.14$)
- 37) Write a program to accept 10 numbers into an array and print the numbers and their sum.
- 38) What are the 3 visibility modifiers? Explain.
- 39) Explain the data types.
- 40) Difference between call by reference and call by value.
- 41) Difference between constructor and destructor.
- 42) Define Class and Object with examples.
- 43) What is meant by a variable? Give the syntax for declaring & initializing variables.
- 44) What is an array? Explain different types of arrays.

Part- V Answer the following (Any Three)**(3 x 10 Marks = 30 Marks)**

- 45) What are the Different types of **loop** statements, write their syntax and explain with examples.
- 46) Explain any **five** string library functions with examples.
- 47) Explain various operators.
- 48) Write a menu driven program to input a number between 0 & 6 and to display the corresponding week day (using switchcase).
- 49) Explain function overloading with a suitable example.
- 50) What is exception? Write a program to manage Arithmetic Exception.
- 51) Explain the different features of object oriented programming.