

KERALA STATE RUTRONIX Fundamentals of Computer & Operating System

A1

(CTTC, CPPTTC, CWPDE, PDDTP, PDCFA, DCA, DCA-FT, DOA)

Time: 2 hours Maximum Marks: 100
Note: Write the answers for Questions from 1 to 35 in the MCQ answer sheet

Part- I Choose the most appropriate answer				(10 x 1 Mark = 10 Marks)	
1)	Which one is a search engine?				
	a) NCSA Mosaic	b) Altavista	c) Netscape Navigator	d) Opera	
2)	is a valid LINUX command.				
	a) Rat	b) Mouse	c) Cat	d) Cls	
3)	Rebooting while the co	mputer system is	on is known as	booting.	
	a) Cold	b) Warm	c) Hibernate	d) None of these	
4)	Which of the following	Which of the following storage type is volatile?			
	a) Flash memory	b) DVD	c) RAM	d) CD-ROM	
5)	A private network insid	e a company or o	rganization is called		
	a) Telnet	b) Extranet	c) Internet	d) Intranet	
6)	The operating system is	manages			
	a) Memory b) Disk and I/O Devices c) Processor d) All of these				
7)	scans	a set of vertical b	ars of different width for	specific data.	
	a) OMR	b) MICR	c) Bar-Code Reader	d) OCR	
8)	Which of the following	s used for data tr	ansmission through tele	phone lines?	
	a) Router	b) Gateway	c) Modem	d) Bridge	
9)	Which of the following	s not an example	of operating system?		
	a) Ubuntu	b) Red Hat Linu	x c) Windows Me	d) Open Office	
10)) Find the odd one out.				
	a) Keyboard	b) OMR	c) CRT	d) Mouse	
D4 II				G of Marker At Marker	
	Fill in the blanks (15 x 1 Mark = 15 Marks)				
	symbol separates username and domain name in an e-mail address.				
,) 1 GB =				
13)	is a radio standard and communication protocol that exchanges information between devices such as mobile phones, laptops etc.				
14)) The resolution of computer screen is expressed in per inch.				
15)	A is actually a node on a network that serves as an entrance to another network.				
16)	s) is a display device that can detect the presence and location of a touch within the display area.				
17)	7) 2's complement of 10101101 is				
18)	The command is used to remove a directory with all its files and subdirectories.				
19)	In Binary Coded Decimal, each decimal digit is represented using				
20)	is a method of sending text or graphic images over Internet to specified recipients.				
21)	The largest and the most well known example of a WAN is the				
22)	port is used for networking.				

23) rearranges data on hard disk so that each file occupies a single contiguous space. 24) The short cut key for print option is 25) The first graphical web browser is Part - III State whether true or false $(10 \times 1 \text{ Mark} = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 26) Audio port is used to attach a joy stick or other video game controller. 27) Magnetic and optical devices are generally volatile. 28) Normal hard disk drive is an electronic type of memory. 29) Line printer is an example of Non-Impact printer. 30) Attrib is an internal command in DOS. 31) In Blue-ray disk technology, an infrared laser is used for reading and writing. 32) LINUX is case sensitive. 33) Bing is a search engine. 34) LINUX is a single user operating system. 35) FORTRAN is an example of low level language. Part - IV Expand the following (10 x 1 Mark = 10 Marks) 36) GNU 41) URL 37) MICR 42) HTML 38) USB 43) CD-ROM 39) VGA 44) LCD 40) VLSI 45) DVD (Part V, Part VI എന്നിവയുടെ ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ മലയാളത്തിലും എഴുതാം) Part - V Write short notes on (Any Seven) (7 x 5 Marks = 35 Marks) 46) Elements of Windows screen. 47) Language Processors. 48) Different types of ROM. 49) Difference between Switch and Router. 50) Blue-ray Disc. 51) Difference between Internet and Intranet. 52) Wi-Fi 53) Types of Operating system. 54) Five Internal DOS commands. 55) Difference between LINUX and other Operating Systems.

Part - VI Explain the following (Any Two)

(2 x 10 Marks = 20 Marks)

- 56) Output Devices.
- 57) Types of Printers.
- 58) Network Topology.
- 59) Communication Protocols.